Committee's

MONTHLY TIP





Unsafe handling and under-cooking your holiday bird can cause foodborne illnesses. Here are a few tips from the USDA to keep your Thanksgiving safe and delicious!

Types of turkeys regulated by the USDA:



TOTHAW

While frozen, a turkey is safe indefinitely. As soon as it begins to thaw, bacteria that may have been present before freezing will begin to grow again. Here are three ways to safely thaw your



Safe to store the turkey for another 1 - 2 days in the refrigerator.

How to thaw:

Allow approximately 24 hrs. for every 4-5lbs of bird.

Cook immediately after thawing.

How to thaw: Submerge the bird in cold water & change every 30 mins



Cook immediately after thawing



How to thaw: Use defrost function based on weight

For more information on safe thawing methods, visit fsis.usda.gov



It's safe to cook a frozen turkey though cooking time will be 50%





Wash your hands for 20 seconds with soap and warm water.



Utensils Plates Countertops Cutting boards

Bacteria, which can be present inside and outside a turkey, can't be washed off the bird! Cooking is the only way to destroy this potentially dangerous bacteria.

SHOULD

ALSO BE

WASHED

O DON'T WASH





Separate raw turkey from fresh food, and use separate cutting boards, plates, and utensils.



Wash items that touch raw meat with soap and warm water.









Take your time around the dinner table, but refrigerate leftovers within 2 hours!



Safe in fridge 3-4 days

Safe frozen.





should be cut. into smaller pieces, and store items separately in smaller containers.

Leftover turkey



Be sure to pack leftovers in a cooler if traveling.



Reheat thoroughly to a temperature of 165.°F.

FOR MORE INFORMATION:

Visit foodsafety.gov

If you have a specific question, call the USDA Meat and Poultry Hotline at 1-888-MPHOTLINE or visit AskKaren.gov. Visit PregunteleaKaren.gov for questions in Spanish.





